

Surname	Centre Number	Candidate Number
Other Names		0 .



GCSE – NEW

3310U60-1



**MATHEMATICS – NUMERACY
UNIT 2: CALCULATOR-ALLOWED
HIGHER TIER**

SOLUTIONS

THURSDAY, 8 JUNE 2017 – MORNING

1 hour 45 minutes

ADDITIONAL MATERIALS

A calculator will be required for this paper.

A ruler, a protractor and a pair of compasses may be required.

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Use black ink or black ball-point pen. Do not use gel pen or correction fluid.

You may use a pencil for graphs and diagrams only.

Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the spaces at the top of this page.

Answer all the questions in the spaces provided.

If you run out of space, use the continuation page at the back of the booklet, taking care to number the question(s) correctly.

Take π as 3.14 or use the π button on your calculator.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

You should give details of your method of solution when appropriate.

Unless stated, diagrams are not drawn to scale.

Scale drawing solutions will not be acceptable where you are asked to calculate.

The number of marks is given in brackets at the end of each question or part-question.

In question 6, the assessment will take into account the quality of your linguistic and mathematical organisation, communication and accuracy in writing.

For Examiner's use only		
Question	Maximum Mark	Mark Awarded
1.	3	
2.	2	
3.	4	
4.	4	
5.	8	
6.	6	
7.	8	
8.	6	
9.	3	
10.	5	
11.	8	
12.	7	
13.	7	
14.	9	
Total	80	



JUN173310U60101

1. Mali's scooter depreciated (decreased) in value by 24% in the **first** year.
In all further years, her scooter depreciated by 13% of its previous year's value.
She originally paid £850 for her scooter.
Calculate the value of Mali's scooter after 7 years.

[3]

$$850 \times 0.76 \times 0.87^6$$

$$= £280.12$$

After 7 years, the value of Mali's scooter was £ 280.12

2. Sanjay stacks three boxes in a pile.
The heights of the boxes are 25 cm, 36 cm and 47 cm.
They are all measured correct to the nearest centimetre.
What is the greatest possible height of the stack of the three boxes?

[2]

$$\begin{array}{r} \text{Max Height} = 25.5 \\ \quad \quad \quad 36.5 \\ \quad \quad \quad + 47.5 \\ \hline \quad \quad \quad 109.5 \text{ cm} \end{array}$$

Greatest possible height of the stack of three boxes is 109.5 cm



3. *Organics4U* is planning to have its headquarters in Wales.
The manager has instructed Ffion to look for a site for the headquarters.

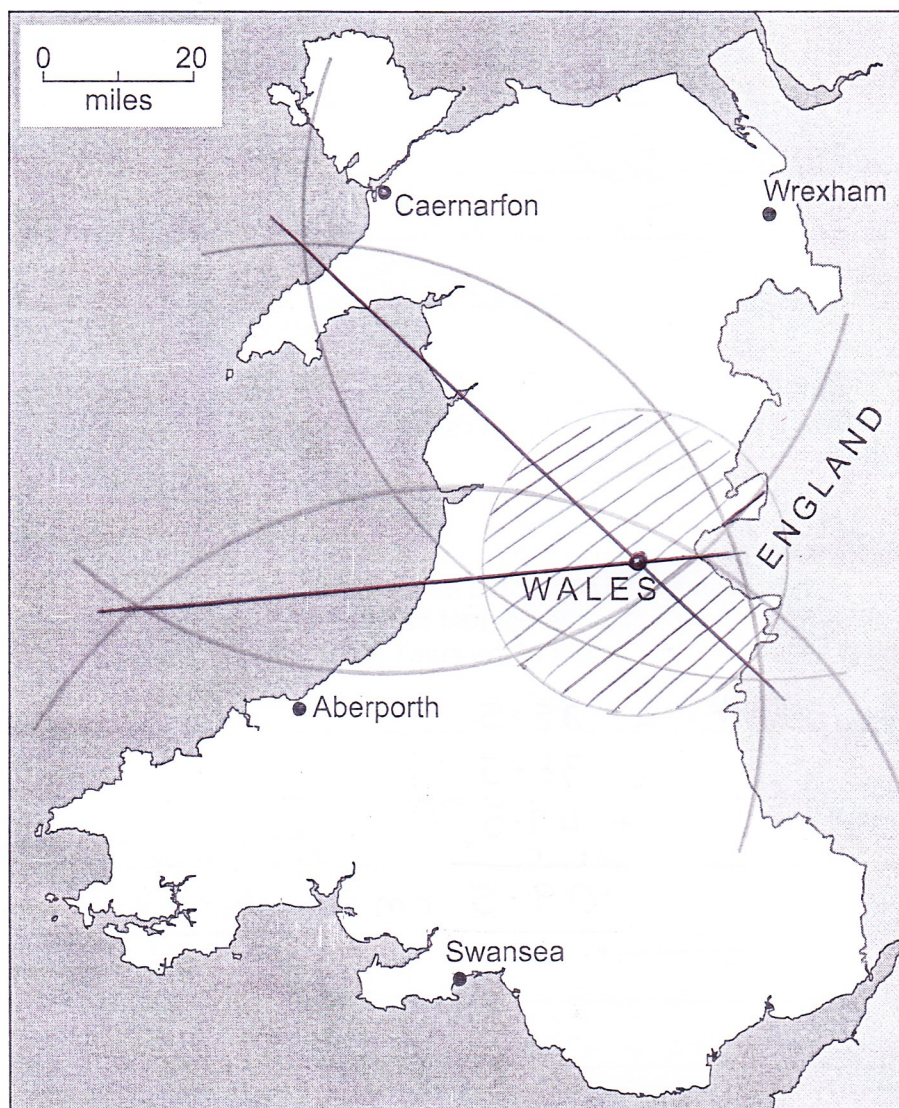
Here are the instructions that Ffion has been given by her manager.

'Find the point that is

- an equal distance between Wrexham and Aberporth, and ← perpendicular bisectors
- an equal distance between Caernarfon and Swansea. ←

The new headquarters needs to be within 20 miles of this point.' ← set compass to 20 miles from scale

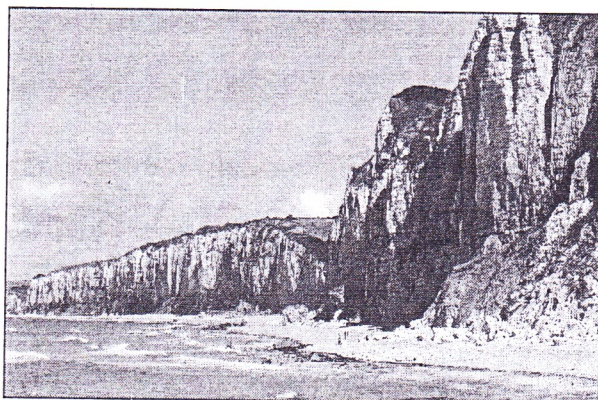
On the map below, shade the region, **in Wales**, that Ffion should identify for her manager. [4]



Do not
shade
in
England.



4.



Ursula is lying on her surfboard 180 metres away from the foot of a vertical cliff. The height of the cliff is 146 metres.

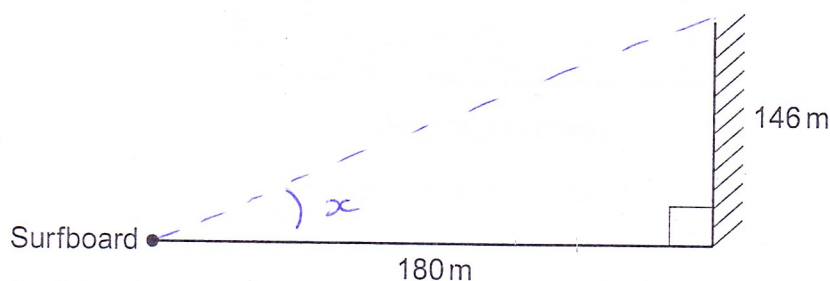


Diagram not drawn to scale

Ursula was told that if the angle of elevation of the top of the cliff from her lying position is between 42° and 45° , it is safe for her to attempt to stand on her surfboard.

Calculate the angle of elevation of the top of the cliff from Ursula's position lying on her surfboard.

State whether it is

- safe for Ursula to attempt to stand, or
- not safe as she is too near the cliff, or
- not safe as she is too far out at sea.

[4]

$$\tan x = \frac{146}{180}$$

$$\tan x = \frac{146}{180}$$

$$x = 39.0^\circ$$

not safe as she is too far out to sea.

(To get angle x to between 42° and 45° she needs to make 180m a smaller value)



5. Marta buys a new television.

- (a) Marta wants to fit the television in a bookcase on the wall. In the shop she forgot to write down the length of the television. She did write down the height and the diagonal of the screen.

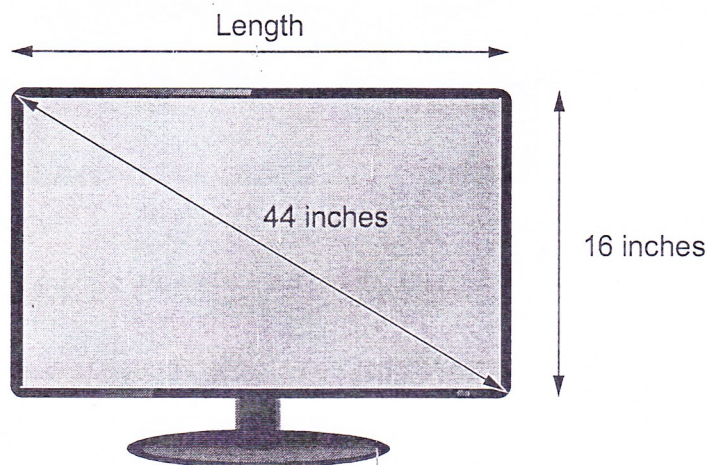


Diagram not drawn to scale

Marta needs to know the length of the screen before she opens the box, in case she wants to return the television.

Calculate the length of the screen.

Give your answer correct to 2 significant figures.

[4]

$$h^2 = a^2 + b^2$$

$$44^2 = 16^2 + b^2$$

$$1936 = 256 + b^2$$

$$1936 - 256 = b^2$$

$$1680 = b^2$$

$$40.99 \text{ inches} = b$$

$$\approx 41 \text{ inches to 2 sig fig}$$

Length is 41 inches, correct to 2 significant figures.



- (b) The television was reduced in the sale by 26% of its original price.
It cost Marta £710.40 in the sale.
What was the original price of the television?

[2]

26% reduction.

$$\therefore 74\% = £710.40$$

$$1\% = \frac{710.40}{74}$$

$$100\% = \frac{710.40}{74} \times 100 = £960$$

Original price £ 960

- (c) A television uses 1 unit of electricity every 10 hours.
A unit of electricity costs 9.8p.

- (i) Calculate the cost of having a television turned on for 24 hours.
Circle your answer.

[1]

£23.52

£2.35

40.83p

23.52p

2.45p

$$\frac{24}{10} \times 9.8p$$

$$= 23.52p$$

- (ii) On average, Marta watches 4 hours of television each day.
On average, how much a week does it cost her to watch television?
Circle your answer.

[1]

27.44p

£27.44

£39.20

39.2p

10.78p

$$4 \text{ hrs} \times 7 = 28 \text{ hrs}$$

$$\therefore \frac{28}{10} \times 9.8$$

$$= 27.44p$$



6. In this question, you will be assessed on the quality of your organisation, communication and accuracy in writing.

Elin's old fish tank is leaking.

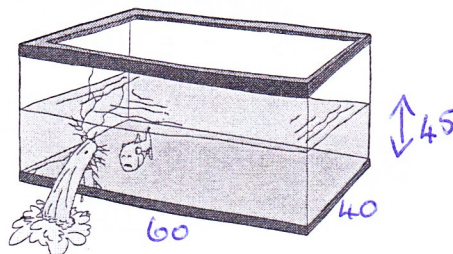


Diagram not drawn to scale

This old fish tank is in the shape of a cuboid.
The base of this tank measures 60 cm by 40 cm.
Before the leak, the height of the water level in Elin's old fish tank was 45 cm.

Elin decides to replace her fish tank with a cylindrical one.

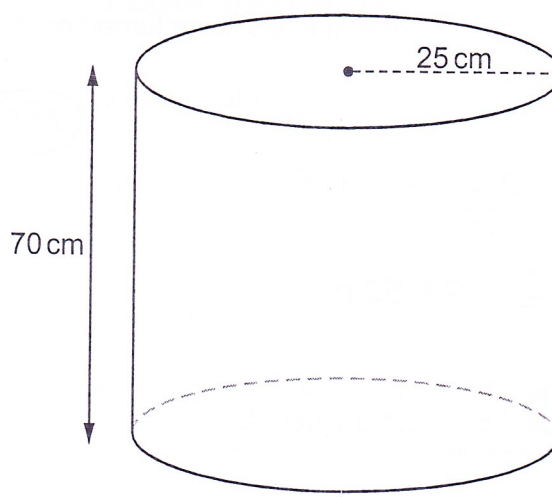


Diagram not drawn to scale

She selects a new cylindrical fish tank that has a radius of 25 cm and a height of 70 cm.

Will all the original contents, including the water and the fish, fit into this cylindrical tank?
You must show all your working.

[4 + 2 OCW]

$$\text{Volume water} = lwh$$

$$= 60 \times 40 \times 45$$

$$= 108000 \text{ cm}^3$$

$$= 108 \text{ litres}$$

$$\text{New Tank} = \pi r^2 h$$

$$= 3.14 \times 25^2 \times 70$$

$$= 137375 \text{ cm}^3$$

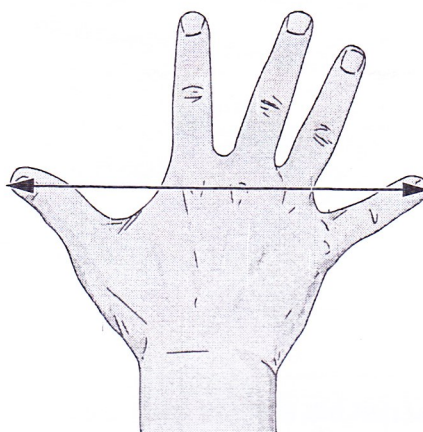
$$\approx 137.4 \text{ litres}$$

∴ YES all will fit comfortably



7. Simon plans to make gloves.

- (a) One morning, Simon decided to carry out a survey to find the mean hand span of people in Wales.



He decided to sample systematically.

He decided to sample from the first 240 people who pass him in the street during the morning.

He wanted to take 20 people's hand span measurements.

Explain how Simon could use systematic sampling to obtain 20 measurements.

[1]

$$\frac{240}{20} = 12$$

∴ Simply ask every 12th person from the 1st 240 people that pass by.



- (b) Yesterday morning, Simon only managed to sample 10 people. He calculated the mean hand span of these 10 people to be 22.8 cm. Yesterday afternoon, Simon recorded the hand spans of a further 20 people. The results for these 20 people are shown in the frequency table below.

Hand span, to the nearest mm	Frequency
20.0 cm to 20.8 cm	2
20.9 cm to 21.7 cm	3
21.8 cm to 22.6 cm	10
22.7 cm to 23.5 cm	5

Mid Point

20.4

21.3

22.2

23.1

Calculate an estimate of the mean of all 30 hand spans that Simon measured yesterday.

[6]

For the 30 people

$$\text{Estimated mean} = \frac{(2 \times 20.4) + (3 \times 21.3) + (10 \times 22.2) + (5 \times 23.1) + (10 \times 22.8)}{30}$$

$$= \frac{40.8 + 63.9 + 222 + 115.5 + 228}{30}$$

$$= \frac{670.2}{30}$$

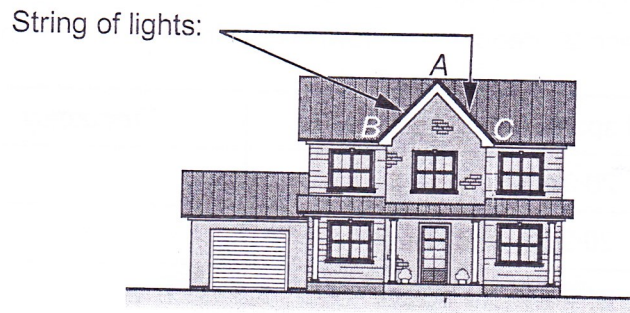
$$= 22.34 \text{ cm}$$

- (c) What could Simon do to improve his estimate of the mean hand span of people in Wales? [1]

He could use stratified sampling to ensure all ages and gender are accounted for.



8. The diagram below shows where Levi wants to attach a string of lights to his house.



Levi wants to attach a single string of lights from B to A and then from A to C . The diagram below shows the measurements Levi has taken.

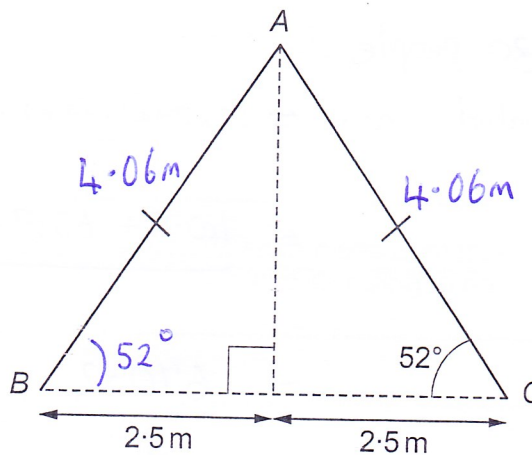


Diagram not drawn to scale

He spends £410 at the electrical store buying a string of lights. After putting up the lights, Levi finds he has 6 metres of the string of lights left over at one end.

How much did the electrical store charge Levi, per metre, for the string of lights?

[6]

Find $AB = AC$

$$\cos 52^\circ = \frac{2.5}{AB}$$

$$AB = \frac{2.5}{\cos 52^\circ}$$

$$AB = 4.06 \text{ m} = AC$$

$$\begin{aligned} \therefore \text{Total length of} \\ \text{lights bought} \\ &= 4.06 + 4.06 + 6 \\ &= 14.12 \text{ m} \end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore \text{Charge per metre} = \frac{410}{14.12} = \text{£}29.04$$



9. The table shows the number of Year 11 pupils attending schools in Cwmifan.

School	Cwrt Haf	Cwmifan High	Henclwyd
Number of Year 11 pupils	307	239	144

In total there are 690 Year 11 pupils attending these three schools.

A new youth theatre has been set up in Cwmifan.

On the opening night, a total of 80 Year 11 pupils from these three schools are going to be invited to attend.

Use a stratified sampling method to calculate the number of Year 11 pupils from each school who should be invited.

You must show all your working.

[3]

$$\text{Cwrt Haf} \quad \frac{307}{690} \times 80 = 35.59 \approx 36$$

$$\text{Cwmifan High} \quad \frac{239}{690} \times 80 = 27.7 \approx 28$$

$$\text{Henclwyd} \quad \frac{144}{690} \times 80 = 16.7 \approx 17$$

TOTAL 81

Adjust Cwrt Haf down by
1, to 35.

School	Cwrt Haf	Cwmifan High	Henclwyd
Number that should be invited	35	28	17



10. Fatima wants to invest some money in a savings account. She has picked up leaflets from two building societies advertising their high-interest savings accounts.

'Bannau' account

Nominal annual rate of
3.85%

Interest paid monthly

'Eryri' account

Nominal annual rate of
3.86%

Interest paid every
6 months

By comparing AERs, which account will offer Fatima the better interest rate on her investment? You must show all your working. [5]

BANNAU

$$\begin{aligned} \text{AER} &= \left(1 + \frac{i}{n}\right)^n - 1 \\ &= \left(1 + \frac{0.0385}{12}\right)^{12} - 1 \end{aligned}$$

$$= (1.003208333)^{12} - 1$$

$$= 1.03918 - 1$$

$$= 0.03918$$

$$= 3.92\%$$

ERYRI $\text{AER} = \left(1 + \frac{0.0386}{2}\right)^2 - 1$

$$= (1.0193)^2 - 1$$

$$= 1.03897 - 1$$

$$= 0.03897$$

$$= 3.90\%$$

∴ Bannau offers better rate of investment.



11. A company produces metal badges to be worn by its employees. The badge is made up of two parts. One part is in the shape of a sector of a circle as shown in the diagram.

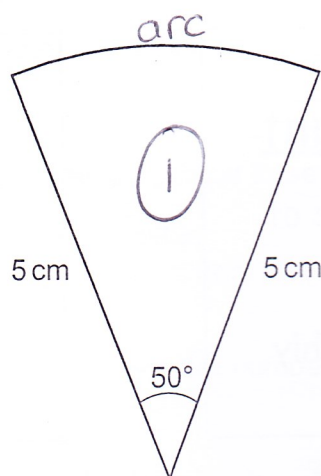


Diagram not drawn to scale

- (a) The perimeter of the sector is decorated with a coloured edging strip. Calculate the length of edging strip needed to decorate the sector.

[3]

$$P = 5 + 5 + \text{arc}$$

$$P = 10 + \frac{50 \pi D}{360}$$

$$D = 10 \text{ cm here}$$

$$P = 10 + \left(\frac{50 \times 3.14 \times 10}{360} \right)$$

$$P = 10 + 4.36$$

$$P = 14.36 \text{ cm}$$

- (b) The other part is in the shape of a quarter-circle of radius 3 cm.

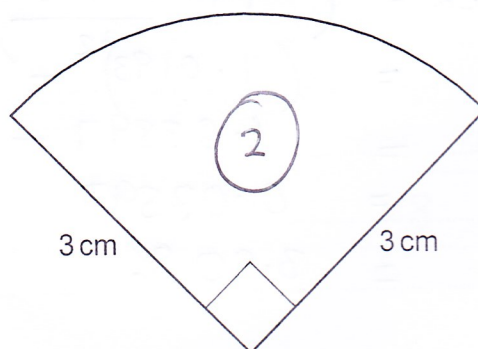


Diagram not drawn to scale



To make the badge, the two pieces are joined together with the sector in front of the quarter-circle, as shown in the diagram.
The badge has a vertical line of symmetry.

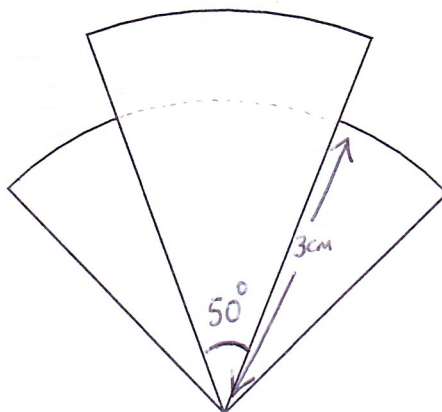


Diagram not drawn to scale

The visible surface of the front of the badge is painted.
Calculate the area that is painted.

[5]

$$\text{Area painted} = (1) + (2) - \left(\text{hidden } \frac{50 \times \pi r^2}{360} \right)$$

$$= \frac{50 \pi \times 5^2}{360} + \left(\frac{90 \pi \times 3^2}{360} - \frac{50 \pi \times 3^2}{360} \right)$$

$$= \left(\frac{50 \times 3.14 \times 25}{360} \right) + \left(\frac{40 \times 3.14 \times 9}{360} \right)$$

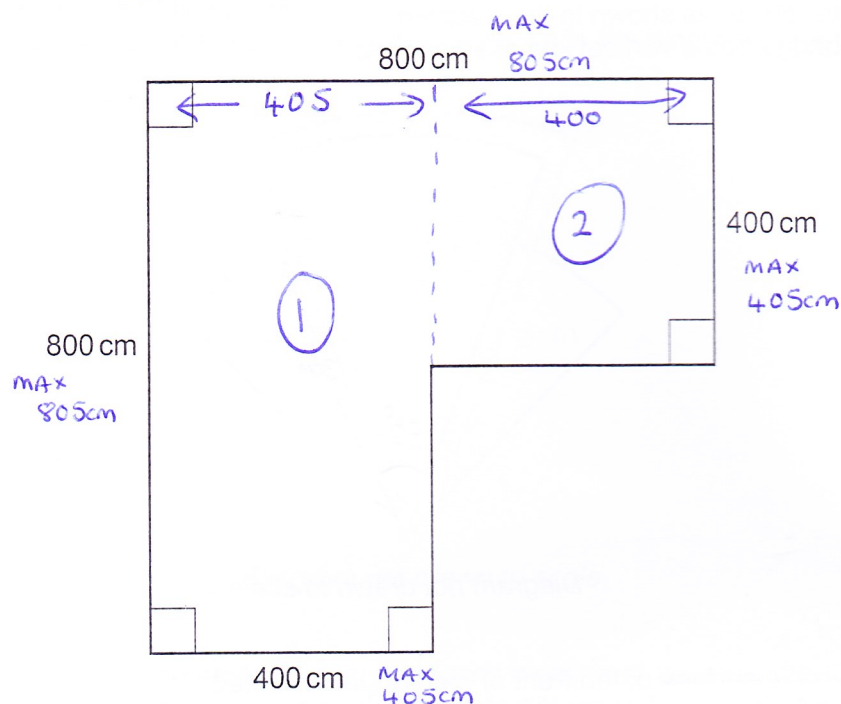
$$= 10.90 + 3.14$$

$$= 14.04 \text{ cm}^2$$

These go
together
as
 $\frac{40 \pi \times 3^2}{360}$



12. A plan view of Lowri's garden is shown below.



All the measurements are correct to the nearest 10 cm.

(a) Calculate the greatest possible area of Lowri's garden.

[4]

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Max Area} &= \text{Max ①} + \text{Max ②} \\
 &= (805 \times 405) + (400 \times 405) \\
 &= 326025 + 162000 \\
 &= 488025 \text{ cm}^2 \\
 &= \frac{488025}{10000} \text{ m}^2 \\
 &= 48.8025 \text{ m}^2
 \end{aligned}$$



- (b) Lowri plans to spread grass seed over her garden using a spreading tool. Over **each square metre**, the spreading tool spreads 30 g of grass seed, correct to the nearest 5 g.

Lowri has exactly 1.5 kg of grass seed.

Can she be **certain** that she has enough grass seed?

You must show all your calculations.

[3]

$$\text{Each } m^2 \quad \text{Max g used} = 32.5g$$

∴ See how many 32.5g amounts there are in 1.5kg.

$$\frac{1500}{32.5} = 46.1538$$

∴ She can definitely cover 46.15 m^2

But the max area $\approx 48.8 m^2$

∴ No she cannot be certain she has enough seed.



13. The front views of two mathematically similar milk cartons are shown below.

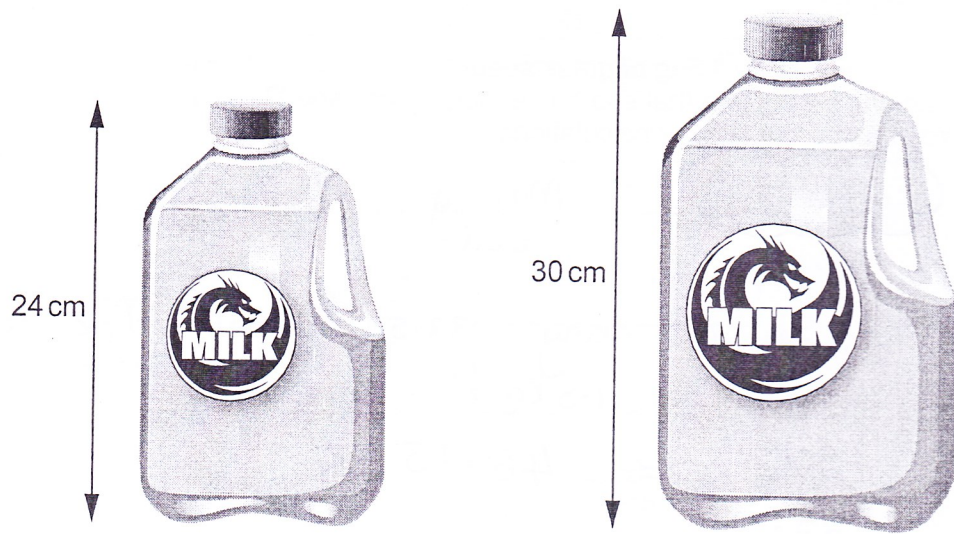


Diagram not drawn to scale

- (a) Circle either TRUE or FALSE for each statement given below.

[1]

STATEMENT		
The ratio of the lengths of the cartons is the same as the ratio of the heights of the cartons.	<input checked="" type="radio"/> TRUE	<input type="radio"/> FALSE
The ratio of the volumes of the cartons is the same as the ratio of the heights of the cartons.	<input type="radio"/> TRUE	<input checked="" type="radio"/> FALSE

- (b) It is claimed that the larger carton contains double the amount of milk contained in the smaller carton.
Show that this claim is not true.
Explain your answer.

[3]

$$\text{Scale factor ratio} = \frac{30}{24} = \frac{5}{4} = 1.25$$

$$\therefore \text{Scale factor volume (capacity)} = 1.25^3 = 1.953125$$

\therefore Larger carton does not have double the milk.



- (c) Another similar milk carton has a label with an area that is one quarter of the area of the label on the carton of height 24 cm.



Diagram not drawn to scale

Calculate the height of this new carton.

[3]

$$\text{SF factor area} = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$\therefore \text{SF factor length} = \frac{1}{2} \quad \text{because} \quad \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$\therefore \text{Height of new carton} = \frac{1}{2} \text{ of } 24 \\ = 12\text{cm.}$$



14. The diagram shows a 5 m wide section of road that has a uniform gradient. The shaded area represents level ground. Two cyclists, Delyth and Ioan, approach this section of road.

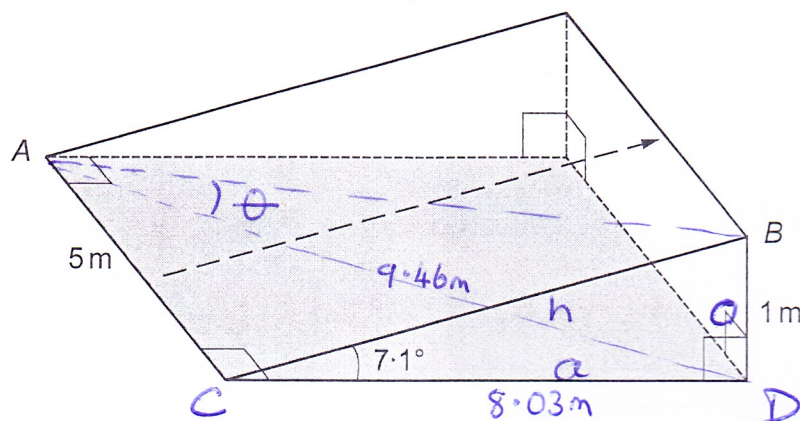


Diagram not drawn to scale

Delyth cycles straight up the middle of the road as shown by the arrow.

Ioan thinks this section of road is too steep to cycle straight up, so he decides to cycle from A to B in a straight line.

- (a) How far does Ioan cycle in going from A to B?

[6]

First use $\triangle BCD$ to find BC

$$\sin 7.1^\circ = \frac{1}{BC}$$

$$BC = \frac{1}{\sin 7.1^\circ} \quad BC = 8.09 \text{ m}$$

Now use ~~triangle~~ triangle ABC and Pythag.

$$h^2 = a^2 + b^2$$

$$AB^2 = 5^2 + 8.09^2$$

$$AB^2 = 25 + 64.46$$

$$AB^2 = 89.46$$

$$AB = 9.46 \text{ m}$$



- (b) Show that Ian's route up this section of road is less steep than Delyth's route. You must show all your working.

[3]

(Use $\triangle ABD$ through the solid)

First find CD from $\triangle BCD$

$$\cos 7.1^\circ = \frac{CD}{8.09}$$

$$8.09 \cos 7.1^\circ = CD$$

$$8.03 \text{ m} = CD$$

∴ $h^2 = a^2 + b^2$ to find AD using $\triangle ACD$

$$AD^2 = AC^2 + CD^2$$

$$AD^2 = 5^2 + 8.03^2$$

$$AD^2 = 25 + 64.48$$

$$AD^2 = 89.48$$

$$AD = 9.46 \text{ m}$$

END OF PAPER

Now use $\triangle ABD$

$$\tan \theta = \frac{1}{9.46}$$

$$\theta = 6.03^\circ$$

This is less than 7.1°
for Delyth's route.

