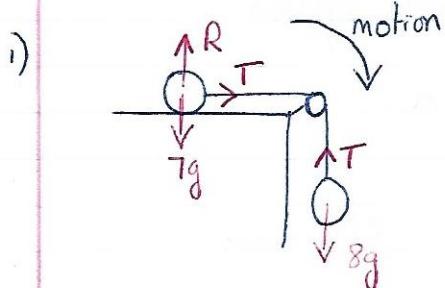
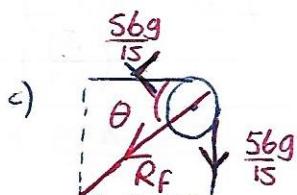


$RF = ma$       Connected Particles 2 : Answers



a)  $RF = ma$  whole system  
 $8g = 15a$   
 $\frac{8g}{15} m/s^2 = a$

b)  $RF = ma$  7kg mass  
 $T = 7 \left( \frac{8g}{15} \right)$   
 $T = \frac{56g}{15} N$



$$RF^2 = \left( \frac{56g}{15} \right)^2 + \left( \frac{56g}{15} \right)^2$$

$$\tan \theta = \frac{\frac{56g}{15}}{\frac{56g}{15}} = 1$$

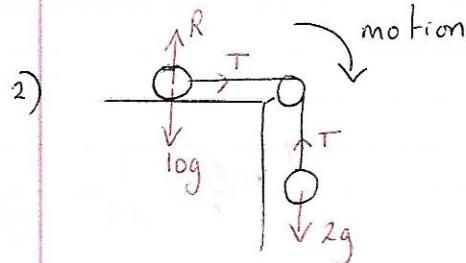
$$RF^2 = \frac{3136}{225} g^2 + \frac{3136}{225} g^2$$

$$RF^2 = \frac{6272}{225} g^2$$

$$\theta = 45^\circ$$

$$RF = \frac{56\sqrt{2}}{15} g N$$

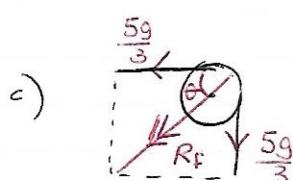
OR       $RF = 5.28 g N$  = force on pulley



a)  $RF = ma$  whole system  
 $2g = 12a$   
 $\frac{g}{6} m/s^2 = a$

b)  $RF = ma$  10kg mass  
 $T = 10 \left( \frac{g}{6} \right)$

$$T = \frac{5g}{3} N$$



$$RF^2 = \left( \frac{5g}{3} \right)^2 + \left( \frac{5g}{3} \right)^2$$

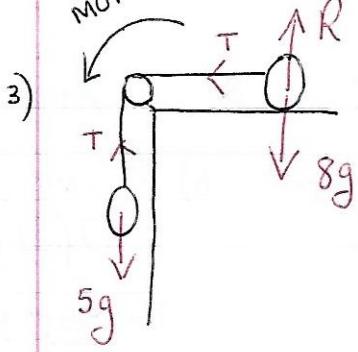
$$RF^2 = \frac{25g}{9} + \frac{25g}{9}$$

$$RF^2 = \frac{50g}{9}$$

$$RF = \frac{5\sqrt{2}}{3} g N$$

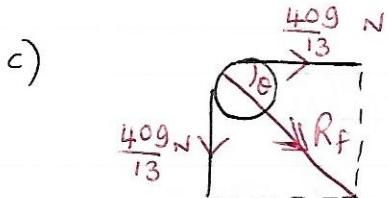
OR       $RF = 2.36g N$

$$\theta = 45^\circ$$



a)  $R_f = ma$  whole system  
 $5g = 13a$   
 $\frac{5g}{13} \text{ m/s}^2 = a$

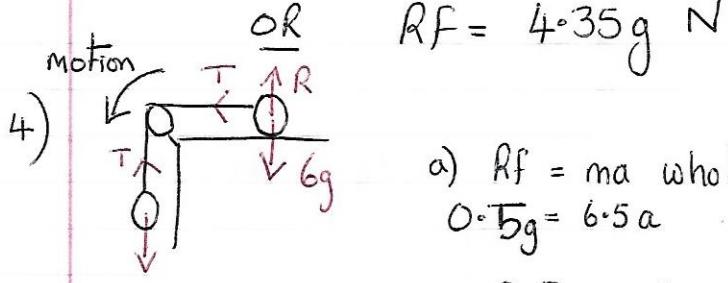
b)  $R_f = ma$  for 8kg mass  
 $T = 8 \left( \frac{5g}{13} \right)$   
 $T = \frac{40g}{13} \text{ N}$



$$\begin{aligned} R_f^2 &= \left( \frac{40g}{13} \right)^2 + \left( \frac{40g}{13} \right)^2 \\ R_f^2 &= \frac{1600}{169} g^2 + \frac{1600}{169} g^2 \\ R_f^2 &= \frac{3200}{169} g^2 \\ R_f &= \frac{40\sqrt{2}}{13} g \text{ N} \end{aligned}$$

NOTICE The  $\sqrt{2}$  at this stage of each question

$$\tan \theta = 1 \quad \theta = 45^\circ \text{ again}$$

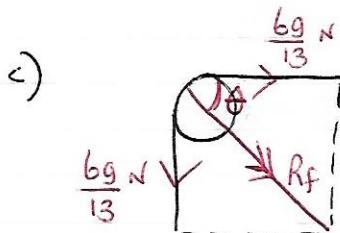


a)  $R_f = ma$  whole system  
 $0.5g = 6.5a$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{0.5}{6.5} g &= a \\ \frac{1}{13} g \text{ m/s}^2 &= a \end{aligned}$$

b)  $R_f = ma$  6kg  
 $T = 6 \left( \frac{g}{13} \right)$

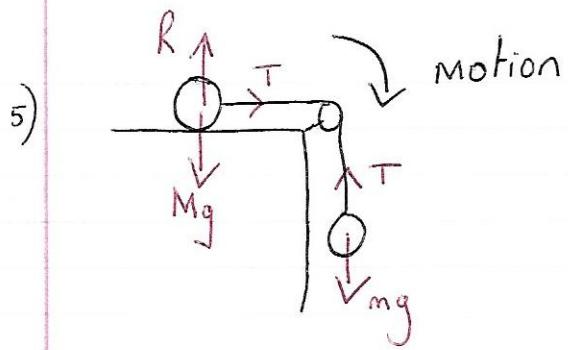
$$T = \frac{6g}{13} \text{ N}$$



$$\begin{aligned} R_f^2 &= \left( \frac{6g}{13} \right)^2 + \left( \frac{6g}{13} \right)^2 \\ R_f &= \frac{6\sqrt{2}}{13} g \text{ N} \end{aligned}$$

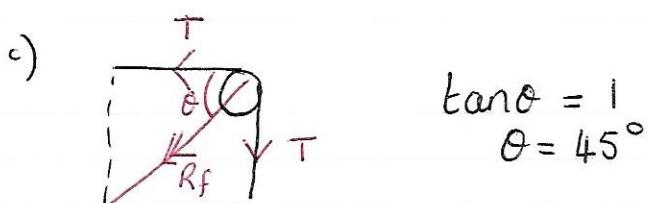
OR  $R_f = 0.65g \text{ N}$

$$\tan \theta = 1 \quad \theta = 45^\circ$$



a)  $R_F = ma$  whole system  
 $m g = (M+m) a$   
 $\frac{m}{(M+m)} g \text{ m/s}^2 = a$

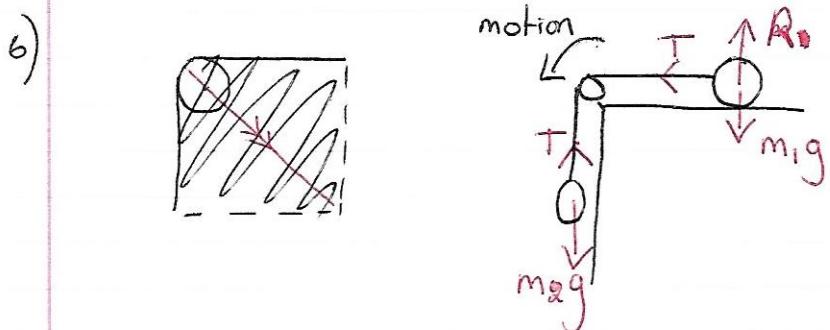
b)  $R_F = ma$   $M \text{ kg}$  mass  
 $T = M \left( \frac{m}{M+m} \right) g$   
 $T = \frac{m M}{(M+m)} g \text{ N}$



$$\tan \theta = 1 \\ \theta = 45^\circ$$

$$R_F = \frac{\sqrt{2} M M}{(M+m)} g \text{ N}$$

Notice use of  $\sqrt{2}$  as compared to previously.



a)  $R_F = ma$  whole system  
 $m_2 g = (m_1+m_2) a$   
 $\frac{m_2}{(m_1+m_2)} g \text{ m/s}^2 = a$

b)  $R_F = ma$  for  $m_1 \text{ kg}$   
 $T = m_1 \frac{m_2}{(m_1+m_2)} g \text{ N}$   
 $T = \frac{m_1 m_2}{(m_1+m_2)} g \text{ N}$



$$\tan \theta = 1 \\ \theta = 45^\circ$$

from Pythag

$$R_F = \frac{\sqrt{2} m_1 m_2}{(m_1+m_2)} g \text{ N}$$