

# RF = ma with Lifts : Answers to Exam 2

7)

1st stage



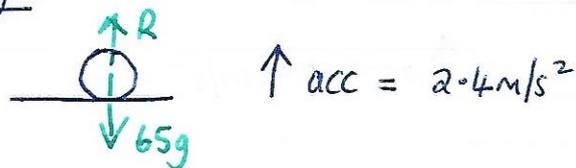
$$\begin{aligned} RF &= ma \\ 65g - R &= 65(3.2) \\ 637 - 208 &= R \\ 429 \text{ N} &= R \end{aligned}$$

2nd stage



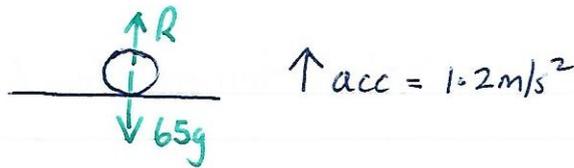
$$\begin{aligned} R &= 65g \text{ N} \\ R &= 637 \text{ N} \end{aligned} \quad (\text{zero acc means forces are equal})$$

3rd stage



$$\begin{aligned} RF &= ma \\ R - 65g &= 65(2.4) \\ R &= 156 + 637 \\ R &= 793 \text{ N} \end{aligned}$$

8)



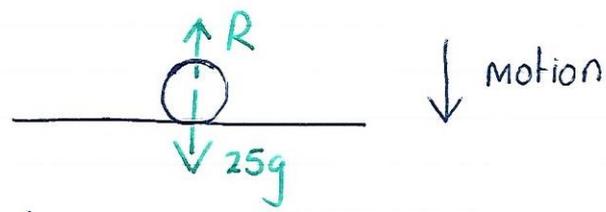
$$Rf = ma$$

$$R - 65g = 65(1.2)$$

$$R = 78 + 637$$

$$R = 715 \text{ N}$$

9)



a) ↓ acc = 1.2 m/s²

$$Rf = ma$$

$$25g - R = 25(1.2)$$

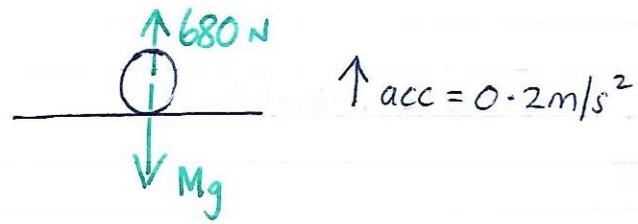
$$245 - 30 = R$$

$$215 \text{ N} = R$$

b) ↓ constant vel

$$R = 25g \text{ N}$$

10)



~~$$Rf = ma$$

$$680 - Mg = 680(0.2)$$

$$680 - 136 = Mg$$

$$\frac{544}{9.8} = M$$~~

$$Rf = ma$$

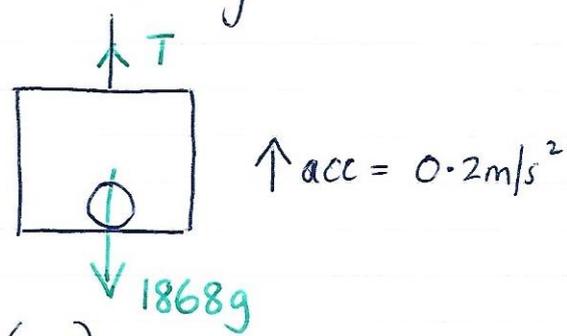
$$680 - Mg = M(0.2)$$

$$680 = 0.2M + 9.8M$$

$$680 = 10M$$

$$68 \text{ kg} = M$$

Now whole system



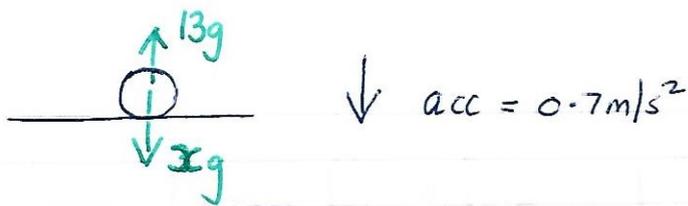
$$Rf = ma$$

$$T - 1868g = 1868(0.2)$$

$$T = 373.6 + 18306.4$$

$$T = 18680 \text{ N}$$

ii) a)



$$Rf = ma$$
$$xg - 13g = x(0.7)$$

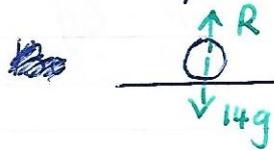
$$9.8x - 0.7x = 13(9.8)$$

$$9.1x = 127.4$$

$$x = \frac{127.4}{9.1}$$

$$x = 14 \text{ kg}$$

b) (i)  $\uparrow$  a constant speed (irrelevant what the speed value is)



$$R = 14g$$

$\therefore$  Reading on scale = 14 kg.

(ii)  $\downarrow$  motion but acc is  $\uparrow 1.4 \text{ m/s}^2$

$$Rf = ma$$

$$R - 14g = 14(1.4)$$

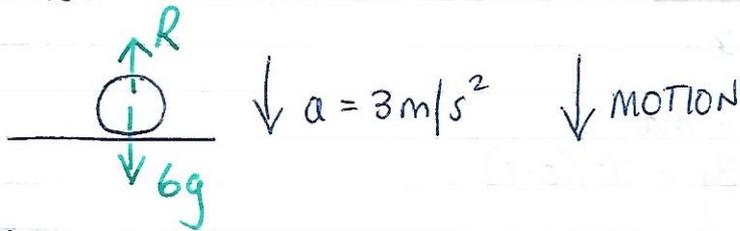
$$R = 19.6 + 137.2$$

$$R = 156.8 \text{ N}$$

$$\underline{\text{ie}} \quad R = 16g \text{ N}$$

$\therefore$  Reading on scale = 16 kg.

12) 1ST STAGE



$$Rf = ma$$

$$6g - R = 6(3)$$

$$6(9.8) - 18 = R$$

$$40.8 \text{ N} = R$$

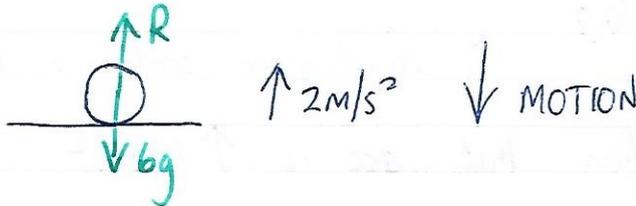
2ND STAGE

Constant speed  $\infty$

$$R = 6g$$

$$R = 58.8 \text{ N}$$

3RD STAGE



$$Rf = ma$$

$$R - 6g = 6(2)$$

$$R = 12 + 58.8$$

$$R = 70.8 \text{ N}$$

13)

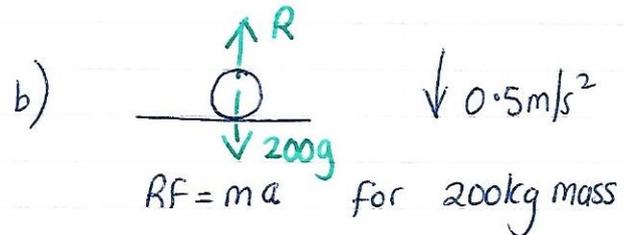


a)  $Rf = ma$  whole system

$$1250g - 11625 = 1250a$$

$$\frac{12250 - 11625}{1250} = a$$

$$0.5 \text{ m/s}^2 = a$$



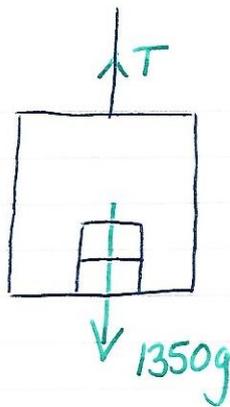
b)  $Rf = ma$  for 200kg mass

$$200g - R = 200(0.5)$$

$$1960 - 100 = R$$

$$1860 \text{ N} = R$$

14) a)



$$\uparrow a = 2 \text{ m/s}^2$$

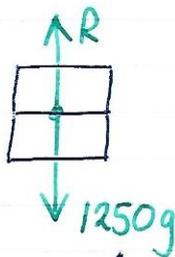
$Rf = ma$  whole system

$$T - 1350g = 1350(2)$$

$$T = 2700 + 1350(9.8)$$

$$T = 15\,930 \text{ N}$$

b)



$$\downarrow a = 3 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$\uparrow$  The top mass isn't counted here!!

$Rf = ma$  for lift and bottom mass only

$$1250g - R = 1250(3)$$

$$1250(9.8) - 1250(3) = R$$

$$8500 \text{ N} = R$$

NB This is the reaction between the 2 crates.

It is NOT the reaction between the floor and bottom crate!!