

Quadratic Equations } and logs : Answers
~~Simultaneous Equations~~

① $4^x + 2(2^x) - 8 = 0$

Let $y = 2^x$

$$(2^x)^2 + 2(2^x) - 8 = 0$$

$$(2^x)^2 + 2(2^x) - 8 = 0$$

$$y^2 + 2y - 8 = 0$$

$$(y+4)(y-2) = 0$$

either $y = -4$ or $y = 2$

$$2^x = -4$$

IMPOSSIBLE

$$2^x = 2$$

$$x = 1$$

DONE IN YOUR HEAD !!

② $9^x - 5(3^x) + 6 = 0$

$$(3^x)^2 - 5(3^x) + 6 = 0$$

$$(3^x)^2 - 5(3^x) + 6 = 0$$

Let $y = 3^x$

$$y^2 - 5y + 6 = 0$$

$$(y-3)(y-2) = 0$$

either $y-3=0$ or $y-2=0$
 $y=3$ or $y=2$

$$\therefore 3^x = 3$$

$$x = 1$$

or $3^x = 2$

$$\ln 3^x = \ln 2$$

$$x \ln 3 = \ln 2$$

$$x = \frac{\ln 2}{\ln 3}$$

$$x = 0.63$$

$$\textcircled{3} \quad 25^x + 3 = 4 \times 5^x$$

$$(5^2)^x + 3 = 4 \times 5^x$$

$$(5^x)^2 + 3 = 4 \times 5^x$$

$$\text{Let } y = 5^x$$

$$y^2 + 3 = 4y$$

$$y^2 - 4y + 3 = 0$$

$$(y-3)(y-1) = 0$$

$$\text{either } y=3 \quad \text{or } y=1$$

$$5^x = 3$$

$$\ln 5^x = \ln 3$$

$$x \ln 5 = \ln 3$$

$$x = \frac{\ln 3}{\ln 5}$$

$$5^x = 1$$

$$x = 0$$

OBVIOUS

$$x = 0.68$$

$$\textcircled{4} \quad 49^x = 7 \times 7^x - 10$$

$$(7^2)^x = 7 \times 7^x - 10$$

$$(7^x)^2 = 7 \times 7^x - 10$$

$$\text{Let } y = 7^x$$

$$y^2 = 7y - 10$$

$$y^2 - 7y + 10 = 0$$

$$(y-5)(y-2) = 0$$

$$\text{either } y=5 \quad \text{or}$$

$$y=2$$

$$7^x = 5$$

$$\ln 7^x = \ln 5$$

$$x \ln 7 = \ln 5$$

$$x = \frac{\ln 5}{\ln 7}$$

$$x = 0.83$$

$$7^x = 2$$

$$\ln 7^x = \ln 2$$

$$x \ln 7 = \ln 2$$

$$x = \frac{\ln 2}{\ln 7}$$

$$x = 0.36$$

$$⑤ \quad 2(4^x) + 5 = 11(2^x)$$

$$2[(2^2)^x] + 5 = 11(2^x)$$

$$2[(2^x)^2] + 5 = 11(2^x)$$

$$\text{Let } y = 2^x$$

$$2y^2 + 5 = 11y$$

$$2y^2 - 11y + 5 = 0$$

$$(2y - 1)(y - 5) = 0$$

$$\text{either } 2y - 1 = 0$$

$$y = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$2^x = \frac{1}{2}$$

IN YOUR
HEAD!

$$\boxed{x = -1}$$

$$\text{or } y - 5 = 0$$

$$y = 5$$

$$2^x = 5$$

$$\ln 2^x = \ln 5$$

$$x \ln 2 = \ln 5$$

$$x = \frac{\ln 5}{\ln 2}$$

$$\boxed{x = 2.32}$$

